

LOCAL MATTERS.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.—War Department, Office of the Chief Signal Officer, Washington, D. C., Feb. 7, 1878.—10:30 a. m.—For the Middle States warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather.

THE SHINN CASE.—Continuation of Yesterday's Proceedings.—When the Gazette's report closed, yesterday, Mr. Stuart of counsel for the defense was concluding his argument against the validity of the articles of agreement of which Shinn was Secretary, on account of their not having been recorded in all the jurisdictions where the association proposed to do business. He was followed by Mr. Burke, who read from the certificate of the magistrate on the paper offered. It certified that the signatures were those of the officers and not of the incorporators.

Judge Lowe said it was evident that the incorporators had acted under a misapprehension. He held that the association was sufficiently organized to do business in the city of Alexandria.

Mr. Leadbeater, being recalled, testified that he understood that a record of the proceedings of the Board of Directors was kept by the secretary, but he had never seen the record book. No by-laws had ever been adopted by the directors.

The witness was here asked what was the practical working of the business meetings of the association, so far as the secretary was concerned.

The defense objected to the question. The Court overruled the objection and exception was taken.

Mr. Leadbeater explained the manner of working the association. The money was given to the secretary and by him passed over to the President, counted by him and handed to the treasurer.

Mr. Johnson explained that the money was frequently received by the accused on nights other than the meeting night.

Mr. Leadbeater, resuming, said that he did not know whether the check from Wesley Avery was paid in on the night charged or not. He identified the annual statement made by the accused on August 31st, 1874. Shinn was secretary of the association up to October 1876. No money was paid in on the night in question on account of Mr. Avery's check. It was the practice of Mr. Shinn when money was received between meetings to return it on the next meeting night. The books had been in his (Shinn's) possession until he left town and were then taken by the witness and placed in charge of the present secretary.

Cross examined by defense.—Did not recollect the exact date at which he was elected President. Did not know how many were present at the first meeting, not having been present, but had heard that the attendance was large. He and the other officers had been away elected on the first Tuesday in September in each year. It was the law that money should be paid at the meetings. It was paid to the treasurer who gave a receipt therefor to the secretary. The whole of the regulations of the association were contained in the past books except one in relation to time of adjournment. Mr. Avery had not offered any money so far as he knew on the 18th of August, 1874. It had been determined at a director's meeting shortly after Mr. Shinn was arrested, to inform the Commonwealth's Attorney of the supposed embezzlement, and to tender any assistance in a prosecution. All of the directors agreed to this resolution. So far as he knew no demand had been made on Mr. Shinn for the shortcomings in his accounts, as he (Shinn) had left the city before they were discovered. The same paper which was signed by the officers was originally prepared for the signatures of the stockholders, but was abandoned as unnecessary.

Examined by the Court.—Reiterated his former explanation of the workings of the association. It was frequently the case that stockholders, who did not wish to attend a meeting, would send their money by friends.

Wesley Avery sworn.—Was a stockholder in the Alexandria Building Association, and drew \$1,000 therefrom. Care of the check shown in Court to the association, having been informed by Shinn that it was the amount due by him.

Cross examined.—Check was made payable to Geo. R. Shinn or bearer, and Shinn gave him the release deed on his property, when he paid it. Check was for success on a loan.

L. E. Uhler sworn.—Succeeded Mr. Shinn as Secretary of the Association, and took charge of the books. When he did so he found the account of Wesley Avery open, and a balance about the amount of the check in question was due. He found the books in such a condition that he required help, and by order of the Directors employed Mr. O'Brien, with whom he went over them.

The Commonwealth's Attorney asked whether the witness had under other cases of embezzlement in going over the books. This question was objected to by the defense, but allowed by the Court.

Sundry accounts were then called and questions asked as to credits thereon, the answers in all cases being in the negative. Two checks claimed to have been given for balances were produced and identified. The check of Wesley Avery was paid at the bank, but he could not remember to whom. The payment was made in the latter part of August 1874.

Cross examined.—Found no false entries or attempt to falsify, except the failure to close the accounts. The annual statement should have shown the payment of Avery's check. Had opened an account against Shinn's bond. Had not rendered any account to Shinn, as he had no means of communication with him. The Directors had talked over the question of Shinn's responsibility on his bond, and determined to institute the criminal proceedings.

Re-examined.—He found tally sheets for all the meetings but one, and that was blank except the heading, which he believed to be in Mr. Shinn's hand writing. That sheet showed no money paid, but merely what ought to have been paid.

G. H. Ramsey sworn.—Identified checks, which were given for loan to name of his wife, and were paid to Mr. Shinn for him.

Albert Stuart sworn.—Endorsement on the Ramsey checks was in his handwriting, and he handed checks to Shinn as Secretary. Thought the transaction took place in Shinn's counting room.

Lewis Stein testified that two of the checks exhibited were signed by him.

J. H. Reid sworn.—Checks were drawn on his bank. Presumed that they were paid to Shinn as they never passed through his hands as Treasurer of the association. Was absent from one meeting, when he understood that the check list was kept by Mr. Shinn. The Secretary had the money handed him, and without counting it handed it to the Treasurer, who receipted to him for it. The witness was then cross examined in relation to the alleged check sheet, and testified that it was such as was generally prepared before the meeting and contained only the amount of loans due.

E. S. Leadbeater recalled.—Recalled being absent from one meeting in March; did not remember in what year. When present he always kept the check list. Secretary could have done the work of President and Treasurer as well as his own.

J. H. Reid recalled.—Remembered that March 7, 1876, was the day on which he was absent from the meeting. Fixed the date by the meeting of the Directors of the German Bank.

S. F. Gregory sworn.—Was present at the meeting on March 7, 1876, and paid an amount to Shinn, the only officer present, which was not credited to him on the books. Fixed the payment of money by the books and entries thereon.

The Court, at this point adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning, the jury being placed under charge of the Sergeant, his deputy and a special bailiff.

To DAY.—The Court met this morning at 10 o'clock, and the jury were brought in by the Sergeant.

E. S. Leadbeater was recalled and fixed the date of meeting on March 7, 1876.

Cross examined.—Three questions asked by the defense, as to the custom of the President and other officers to receive moneys on other than meeting nights, and not paying them in at once, were overruled by the Court, and exceptions taken to the ruling.

E. S. Leadbeater resuming.—Was unable to say whether the entries in the members' books were correct or not. The receipts should bear date on the meeting night, and if money was paid at any other time, would properly be dated at the subsequent meeting. He knew that Mr. Shinn received money at other times.

L. E. Uhler was recalled and fixed date of payment of the Avery check. He presented the annual statement for 1875, which was objected to by the defense, but admitted by the Court and exceptions taken. The check of Avery was paid on August 31st, the same day the statement was made. A meeting was held on the first Tuesday in September for the election of officers. No officers were ever elected in January so far as he knew.

E. H. O'Brien testified.—Assisted Mr. Uhler in overhauling the books of the association. The entry on Mr. Gregory's cash book showed the money paid Shinn on March 7, 1876. No entry of Avery's check appeared on the book; neither was there one of Margaret Ramsey's account, or of Wm. Davis or S. F. Gregory.

Cross examined.—Mr. Gregory's cash book was always balanced by him (O'Brien) on the morning succeeding the transactions, before Mr. Gregory's arrival at the store. The entry of the money paid Shinn was the last one on the cash book for March 7, 1876. He sometimes settled the cash book on the same night, but did not know that he did so on the date mentioned. There were some pencil marks on the books which had been rubbed out, but they were, he thought, merely footings of columns.

J. H. Reid recalled.—Fixed the dates when the Ramsey and Davis checks were paid.

John P. Robinson testified.—Made a payment of money to Shinn on March 1, 1876, at his (Robinson's) office.

Cross examined.—Fixed date by date of receipt, did not know that it was correct. Shinn had been in the habit of taking the money from him as an accommodation.

A. H. Smyth testified.—Was Treasurer of the Association and receipted to the Secretary for moneys received. Sometimes received money between meetings, but in those cases did not receipt at the time. The receipts were given at Shinn's office. Had never received the checks shown by Mr. Shinn, as Treasurer. He gave paper receipts at meetings to the Secretary, and they were subsequently transferred to a book and signed. He presented a deposit ticket which had been made by Shinn August 31, 1874, showing deposits of certain checks and a cash sum of \$665.

Cross examined.—Believed that the preparation of the Secretary's statement would occupy several days. Was one of the original members. The stock was subscribed for, and an installment paid at the first meeting. Several other persons were present and subscribed, besides those whose names were signed to the articles of agreement produced in Court yesterday. Could not remember whether he was a stockholder or not at the time when the paper was signed.

A question as to whether other parties were engaged in the organization was ruled out by the Court and the ruling excepted to.

The Commonwealth here rested its case. The defense moved the Court to exclude all the evidence, and pending the argument of that motion to exclude the jury from the Court room.

Judge Lowe declined to exclude the jury, and overruled the motion, to which the defendant excepted.

J. H. Reid recalled.—On the day after the meeting of March 7, 1876, the sum of \$651.17, was paid to him as Treasurer.

The defense stated that they had a witness whose testimony was important, but as it was addressed to the Court and not to the jury, they would proceed with the case and reserve the right to introduce the witness at a later stage.

The argument was then commenced by Commonwealth's Attorney Johnson.

Mr. Johnson in opening said he desired to remove all outside extraneous matters which had been introduced. It was claimed that this was a persecution and not a prosecution. He repelled the idea that there was any desire to persecute the prisoner. He was the proper officer to institute the proceedings, and he alone was responsible. He further asserted that no consolidation of the charges could have been made, more than had been done. He commented at length on the charge of persecution and hounding on, which, he claimed, was made for the purpose of working on the natural feelings of the jury. The prisoner had the chance to testify in his own behalf, but had declined to do so.

Mr. Stuart objected to the allusion to the prisoner testifying.

Judge Lowe ruled that the allusion was admissible.

Mr. Stuart said that he hoped, in a short time, to show the Court decisions to the contrary.

Mr. Johnson, resuming, discussed the law as bearing on the case in hand, and the indictment. He also reviewed the evidence as reported above. Shinn, he claimed, was the only officer of the association who was authorized to receive money for it. The other members receive as a matter of accommodation, but the association was not bound by their action. The annual statement prepared by the accused did not contain any credit for the check, and was a denial of its receipt. Moreover, the deposit made with Mr. Smyth did not show the check, and it was singular if that alone of all the checks was converted into money. He also called attention to the conversion of the checks on the German Bank of Ramsey and Davis. There was nothing in the charter to forbid the Secretary from receiving money outside of the meetings.

Mr. Stuart asked if there was anything at lawing him to do so.

The witness testified that Messrs. Johnson and Stuart as to this point.

The Court, at 2 o'clock, took a recess until three.

Upon reassembly.

Mr. Johnson resumed the discussion of the other alleged acts of embezzlement, as going to prove criminal intent. He contended against the right of Shinn to convert the check into money. The claim that the check was not received by virtue of his office, was, he (Mr. J.) asserted, a false one, and that the check was the property of the Building Association.

Mr. Burke opened for the defense, and was speaking when this report closed.

leave to see a receiver except in case where the suit interfered with property in the possession of the Receiver. The case was argued by General Henkel for the plaintiff, by Mr. Cox and Mr. Kent for the Receiver, but was not concluded.

ROBBERY.—The Washington Republican, in its Georgetown column, says:—

Yesterday afternoon, between two and three o'clock, William H. Boston, colored, residing on the Georgetown turnpike, near Scott's farm, Fairfax county, Va., visited the postoffice for the purpose of having a letter registered and after taking sufficient funds from his pocket-book to pay for registering it laid his book on the window while he stepped to an adjoining window to seal his letter. While his back was turned his pocket book, containing \$10 in cash, was stolen. Officer Green shortly afterward arrested a colored boy, named Ernest Outen, residing in Potomac alley, and found the money in his possession. Outen had taken the money home and given it to his sister, who when apprised of the theft, surrendered the stolen property, stating that she was under the impression that her brother received it honestly. Outen was locked up in station for trial before Judge Snell this morning.

COCK FIGHT.—The Washington Post, in describing the cock fight that took place at Opossum Hall, opposite this city, yesterday, mentioned in the Gazette of that date, says:—

The steamer Harry Loder carried over four hundred sporting men from Washington to Georgetown and Alexandria. The fight was to show eleven cocks, of which seven were matched. The wager was \$25 a battle, and \$125 for the odd fight. The fight was between Geo. R. Noland of Alexandria, and Walter Hilliard of Georgetown. The cocks were handled by Mr. Frederick V. V. for Hilliard, and John Dixon, of New York, for Noland. Alexandria won five fights out of seven matched. Much money changed hands. The cocks were fought with inch and a half gaffs. The defeated party looked sore, but took everything quietly. Good order reigned.

CHARGE AND COUNTER CHARGE.—Major Brackenridge, commandant at Fort Roke, sent out to this place yesterday one of his soldiers, charged, on the information of two women of this city, with the larceny of various articles, with a request that he be examined here where all the evidence was, and a report made whether that evidence would warrant a trial by court martial. Justice Slaymaker, before whom the examination was had, exonerated the man, who immediately sued out a warrant for the two women, who are named Brown and Keys, on a charge of perjury, and they will be tried to-morrow by the same Justice.

FALL OF A HOUSE.—The back building of the old tenement on Queen street between Royal and Fairfax, owned by James E. McGraw and occupied by several negroes, fell down about one o'clock to-day with a loud crash. Fortunately no one was in that part of the house at the time. The other negroes from the neighborhood soon gathered and commenced to carry off the wreck, for firewood. A fight took place between one of the occupants and one of the workmen, which, however, was mainly confined to curses both loud and deep, although several blows were struck.

ROBBERY.—The store of Capt. Herbert Bryant, on King, below Lee street, was entered last night, and a suit of clothing and about two bushels of clover seed stolen. All of the doors of the store were found closed this morning, leading to the inference that the robber or robbers were in possession of a false key. The sack containing the seed was left in the store, having been opened by burning the twine with which it was closed. An unknown negro man sold two bushels of clover seed to a merchant this morning, and the police are now on his track.

INSURANCE SUIT DECIDED.—In the case of James K. Milburn against the Farnville Insurance and Banking Company of Virginia, tried in the Superior Court of Baltimore, to recover on a policy of insurance on the hotel property, furniture, &c., at Point Lookout, St. Mary's County, Md., destroyed by fire, the jury yesterday gave a verdict for Milburn for \$2,000. A motion for a new trial was made. The defense endeavored to be set up by the company was in part that the damage done was not so great as claimed.

AMUSEMENTS.—Prof. Henry C. Halliwell will lecture on Books and Kindred Matters at Peabody Hall, to-morrow night, for the benefit of the Alexandria Library.

Magio Lantern Exhibitions with explanatory lectures, for the benefit of Christ Church, will be given at Peabody Hall to-night and Monday night.

The Alexandria and Washington Glee Clubs will give a variety entertainment at Sarepta Hall to-night. See amusement column.

CORPORATION COURT.—Judge E. M. Lowe presiding.—Beverly, trustee, vs. Corse et al.; in chancery; decree ratifying sale of bonds and investment of funds.

S. C. Barker, by next friend, vs. Elizabeth Monroe et al.; decree appointing S. H. Lunt trustee in place of Elizabeth Harrison, deceased.

Commonwealth vs. G. R. Shinn; embezzlement; case in progress.

POLICE COURT.—Justice Thompson presiding.—Daniel Donovan, Jas. Bryant and Robert B. Walker, visitors from Washington to the chicken fight at Opossum Hall yesterday, were arrested last night for disorderly conduct, and also on suspicion of the larceny of a watch-chain from a party in one of the up-town restaurants—but dismissed for the want of evidence on the charge of larceny—but fined and discharged for the other offense.

A FORMER ALEXANDRIAN'S MISFORTUNE.—In a letter from Mr. W. E. H. Clagett, formerly of this city, renewing his subscription to the Gazette, he says:—

"I had the misfortune to lose my large steam gin in Concordia Parish, La., on the night of Dec. 31, containing forty bales of cotton and four hundred sacks of cotton seed—supposed to be the work of an incendiary."

THE W. & O. R. R.—The case of McKenzie vs. Washington and Ohio railroad, a motion for the appointment of a receiver of that road, commenced in the City Circuit Court of Richmond yesterday. The heirs of Oakes Ames are among the plaintiffs in the case. Messrs. Barton and James Neeson, represent the plaintiffs, and Messrs. Orr and J. A. Meredith, the defendants. Mr. Barton argued the case yesterday.

APPOINTMENT.—Among the nominations sent the Senate yesterday, was that of Col. M. D. Ball, formerly of this city, as Collector of Customs for Alaska Territory.

MR. HALLIWEELL'S LECTURE.—All who seek information, or are desirous of spending a pleasant evening, should go to Peabody Hall to-morrow evening, at eight o'clock, to hear Professor Henry C. Halliwell's interesting and instructive lecture on "Books and Kindred matters." It is but seldom that Alexandria offers such opportunities for literary enjoyment, and the hall will, doubtless, be crowded with those of our citizens who appreciate such entertainments. In addition to the places named in the notice tickets are on sale at the Mansion House and at Leadbeater's.

MAGIC LANTERN EXHIBITION.—As Peabody Hall will be occupied on Friday evening, Feb. 8th, the Magic Lantern Exhibition, which would have been held on that evening, will be deferred to Monday, the 11th, when Professor Siddons will give the lecture.

DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER.—Standard goods; full weight; full strength. The cheapest in the market, since what you buy for an equal amount will raise more flour in a more satisfactory manner than any other baking powder. Try it and see.

BRIGHAM IN THE HAREM.—The Prophet rose early, dressed and shaved every morning, and then assembled his wives and children for prayer. After singing and prayer they went to breakfast, which was served in a large hall. Brigham sat at the head of the table and Lucy Decker at the foot and poured out the coffee. The children had side tables, and their mothers could sit with them if they wished. It was to all appearances a happy family and as well behaved, polite and unassuming as any in the land. Whatever heartburnings there were or jealousies the women kept them to themselves, and out even the boldest dared show her temper at the table before the Prophet, whom they all looked up to as a god. Of late years Brigham did not eat with his wives, his breakfast being simply a bowl of bread and milk. On rising each lady put her room in order, making up the bed and sweeping. After breakfast the women walked out, sang, played on the piano or sewed. Several of them embroidered beautifully, made colored cloth, and were very proud of their handiwork. The Prophet kept several carriages, and the ladies could go shopping or driving whenever they pleased. In the evening all went to the theatre, where Brigham's wives and children had reserved seats. It is said the Prophet was very liberal and gave his wives plenty of pin money. They had a dancing master, a French teacher, and an instructor in music. During his latter years Brigham endeavored to give each of his favorite wives a cottage and \$1,000 per year in pin money. It is said he offered a house and \$1,000 per annum to any good looking young lady who would marry him. In this world he had as good a time as any fellow could well have, and now he has gone to Heaven to be a king in the New Jerusalem.—Utah Cor. N. Y. Herald.

DEATH OF AN ESTIMABLE LADY.—Mrs. Ellen Smith, widow of the late Richard M. Smith, (who before the war edited the Virginia Sentinel of this city and more recently was professor at Randolph Macon College), died at her residence, near Warrenton, Va., on Wednesday morning, the 6th instant, after a short illness. The death of one so lovely and gentle in disposition, whose life was the bright exemplification of every christian grace and excellence, will not only create a sad void in the hearts and homes of immediate relatives, but cause sincere sorrow and sadness in a large circle of loving friends and acquaintances, and in the bosom of the church to which she was so ardently attached.

Local Brevities.

Billy Baker says he is not the B. A. Baker who appeared at Sarepta Hall, Feb'y. 1st. He had nothing to do with that affair, and was not in the city on that evening.

The act to amend and re-enact section 1 of an act to incorporate the Charlottesville and Northern Railroad Company, approved Feb. 12, 1876, has become a law.

The returns of the Moffett register in this city for January were \$681 03, against \$570 23 for December.

There were several masquerade and dancing parties in various parts of the city last night.

Collision.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—A Lloyd dispatch from Gravesend says: The steamer Merlin, from Bordeaux, came into collision at 6 o'clock last evening with the Anchor line steamer Utopia, from New York. The Utopia was struck forward of the rigging on the starboard side. Here fore compartments in full of water. Attempts will be made to lighten her.

Large Fire.

LAWRENCE, MASS., Feb. 7.—The print works of the Pacific Mills were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss \$25,000. During the fire a brick wall fell, severely injuring four men. Three hundred operators are thrown out of work.

COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA.—The Universal Life Insurance Company vs. Cogbill and others was further argued and submitted. Maybush vs. the Commonwealth was argued and submitted.

The steamship lines running to various ports on this continent held a meeting in New York, yesterday, and passed resolutions against the proposed new tariff.

Wm. Brinckerhoff & Co., of New York, jobbers in hats, have failed. Liabilities \$50,000. They offer to settle at 35 cents—25 cents cash and the remainder in notes.

Large sales indicate the merits of all good articles. Druggists sell more of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup than of all other remedies for the cure of Baby Disorders. 25 cents a bottle.

Ask your druggist for Lodell's Headache Specific. It cures headache in 5 to 20 minutes. Costs but 50c. Sold by every druggist in Alexandria. Durang's Rheumatic Remedy cures rheumatism without fail. doc 6—tf

For a nice 60s man's hat call at the Boss Clothing House, Blenheim's old stand, cor. King and Fairfax st. jan 30—tf

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, February 7, 1878.—The market to-day was quiet and easy. Flour is nominal, with light sales. Wheat is a shade firmer than yesterday, and sold for 123 to 130, with offerings of 900 bushels. Corn is in light receipt, and about 550 bushels brought 60 for white, and 56 for mixed. No Rye reported, and one lot of Oats was withdrawn. Country produce in light receipt, and prices unchanged.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 7.—Virginia sizes, deferred 4; Virginias, consolidated 5; do. 21 series 40; Cotton weak and dull; middling 103. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat—Southern dull and nominal; Western excited and higher; Southern 125a130; do. amber 133a135; Penna red 128a130; No. 2 winter red Western 130 bid for spot and Feb; 132a March. Corn firm for Southern, and feverish and higher for Western; Southern white 55a55; do. yellow 54; Western mixed spot 56; Feb opened at 55, advanced to 55, and at close offered at 55; Mar 55a56; Oats quiet and steady; Southern 35a37; Western white 36a38; do. mixed 34a35; Penna 35a36. Rye dull and nominal; no supply. Hay in fair demand; prices unchanged. Coffee more steady; Rio de Janeiro 14a17; Sugar in good demand, and firm at 9a9; Whiskey quiet and nominally unchanged; 102a\$1 09.

New York, Feb'y. 7.—Stocks irregular. Money 6. Gold 102. Flour without decided change. Wheat 2a4c higher. Corn 1a4c better.

TEAS.—We pay particular attention to the selection of our Teas. Try them, and you will be convinced of their excellence. feb 7 J. C. & E. MILBURN.

NEW YORK BUCKWHEAT FLOUR and HAND PICKED BEANS received to-day by J. C. & E. MILBURN.

CHOICE SYRUP—very bright and NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, just received by J. C. & E. MILBURN.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY COMPANY will be held at the room of the company, corner of King and Washington streets, on MONDAY EVENING, the 18th instant, at 8 o'clock. A punctual and free attendance of stockholders is earnestly requested. M. S. ALGHTEN, President. J. J. JAMISON, Secretary. feb 2-tf

WINDSOR COFFEE POTS.—WINDSOR COFFEE POTS! We have just received a superior supply of the celebrated Windsor Coffee Pots to meet the increased demand. All who have tried them acknowledge they are the best. McLEAN & UHLER, 107 King street. feb 4

NEW YORK GULF EDGED BUTTER.—A choice lot just received by feb 4 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

ISAAC EICHBERG'S DRY GOODS STORE.

AN ENTERPRISE

WORTHY THE NOTICE OF EVERY CHARITABLE CITIZEN.

The season for reducing stock being close at hand and having just finished taking our inventory before the close of our

ANNUAL BUSINESS.

we would respectfully announce to the citizens of Alexandria and vicinity that we have arrived at the following conclusion, to wit:

TO DONATE THREE (3) PER CENT OF THE GROSS AMOUNT OF OUR SALES FROM THIS DAY UNTIL FEBRUARY 22d

For the Benefit of the Poor of Alexandria.

A strict account will be kept by us of all the sales during the time above specified, and the percentage fairly divided among the different benevolent institutions of our city, whatever the net amount may be.

We will most positively sell all our entire stock at the already reduced prices previous to the finishing of our inventory.

This is an opportunity to buy not only great bargains, but to do a good act of charity through the same channel.

We feel if our friends and patrons will give us a helping hand and a share of their liberal patronage that we may assist many POOR, NEEDY, WORTHY and DISTRESSED PEOPLE

Each salesman is provided with printed tickets whereon the date, amount of sales and name of salesman will be written, and as soon as a sale is effected the ticket will be deposited in the presence of the customer in a tin box made for the purpose, inscribed "PROCEEDS FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR."

This box will be opened on the 22d day of February, Washington's birth day, and also the anniversary of Mr. Eichberg taking possession of the Slaymaker Co. store.

Due notice will be given of the respective amounts realized and so published in this paper.

Very respectfully yours,

ISAAC EICHBERG,
Proprietor.

HENRY SCHWARZ, Manager.

N. B.—We, the undersigned, most respectfully invite all our friends to give us a share of their liberal patronage, as we are anxious, ready and willing to make this noble act of charity a perfect success.

A. H. SLAYMAKER,
WM. WOOD,
A. E. SLAYMAKER,
jan 23

A. HOWISON.

WOOD AND COAL.

COAL! — COAL! —

We invite the attention of dealers and consumers to our large stock of CAREFULLY PREPARED COAL of the following varieties: LYKEN'S VALLEY, LOHBERY and SHAMOKIN RED ASH.

WHITE ASH (free burning and hard) of steamer, broken, egg, stove and nut sizes. Also GEORGE'S CREEK, CUMBERLAND and KANAWHA SPLIT, from West Virginia.

Making Coal a specialty, we aim to keep only the HIGHEST GRADES, and having two large Storage Yards, each variety is kept separate, and is especially prepared for family use. Yards located, and all Coal sent out WELL SCREENED AND FREE FROM IMPURITIES.

Dealers, families, public institutions and manufacturers supplied at lowest market rates—per ton of 2240 lbs. T. J. McHAFFEY & CO., feb 1 Wharf and Yard foot of Queen st.

To RAISE MONEY.—My fine

stock of Clothing, Hats and Gents'

Furnishing Goods will be sold out

at a sacrifice.

S. DEALHAM,

62 King st., cor. Fairfax.

AMUSEMENTS.

TRE MAGIC LANTERN EXHIBITION For the benefit of CHRIST CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL, will be held in PEAB